

285 BC
c ~~280 BC~~

[one of wonders
of Ancient world]

Lighthouse of Alexandria (Egypt)

Ancient Wonder of PHAROS

445 ft high. Three-tiered limestone tower
taller than our Statue of Liberty

At the pinnacle, a grand burning
brazier topped by a statue of Zeus

Destroyed by a 14th-century earthquake
They found a 40 ft double door that
was part of the lighthouse

One authority gives 270 BC

Completed by Ptolemy II Philadelphia 285BC
Destroyed by Earthquake in 146
Cen
Could be seen for distance of 42 mi

285-246 BC

Temple of Isis was begun during
reign of Ptolemy II (285-246 BC)

285Bc

War with Gauls and
Etruscans.

285BC

PHILADELPHUS

Ptolemy II Philadelphus
joint King of Egypt

285BC

7. Winder

Tower of Pharos

Lighthouse

Island of Pharos - Alexandria
Ptolemy Philadelphus reigned
Tall ramp leading to top
Fire and reflectors
Seen for 42 mi

285 BC

1012 Lates J-BK

(308 - 247 BC) PTOLEMY II

King of Egypt. Son & successor
of Ptolemy I. Reigned from 285 - 247 BC
He engaged in no wars, but developed
greatness of his kingdom, built a great
fleet, opened up commerce. Built a canal
from the head of the Red Sea to the Nile,
Built the PHAROS, the famous light-
house, one of the wonders of the world.
MANETHO wrote the history of Egypt at

his suggestion and a translation of the Bible was made.

285-246 BC

SEPTUAGINT

A legend (apocryphal history of Aristotle), -
saying PTOLEMY II (285-246 BC) wanted
a GREEK version of the Jewish Law
for his magnificent library at Alexandria.
He sent for 72 best scholars from
Jerusalem (6 from each of 12 tribes.)
The word Septuagint is Greek for 70 (two
of the translators were somewhat lost).
The scholars produced 72

translation in just 72 days (on the
island of PHAROS).

The first Greek Old Testament
was certainly produced in Egypt
but probably in several stages

originally condensed by more
traditional Jews. Its replacement came
to be relied upon by most emigrant
Jewish writers and thinkers. It
was included in Origen's HEXAPLA
and was certainly known to Jerome
when he made his Latin translation.

285-246 BC

PTOLEMY II PHILADELPHUS
Pharaoh.

C285 BC

Science and literature flourish at the Museum of Alexandria.

The work of translating the Hebrew scriptures into Greek for the Jews of Alexandria was begun.

Era of bucolic poetry.

THEOCRITUS wrote his famous Idylls.

285BC

Wonders of
Ancient
World

TIRE TOWER OF PHAROS

Was a great lighthouse built on the island of PHAROS, at Alexandria, Egypt. during the reign of PTOLEMY PHILADELPHUS in 285BC. Also called the PHAROS, it was 500 ft tall with a ramp leading to the top, light was produced by fire and reflectors. It could be seen for a distance of 42 miles

285-246 BC

LXX

Legend: At request of Ptolemy II
(285-246 BC) 72 elders of Israel
translated the Hebrew Bible
into Greek in 72 days in
Alexandria in Egypt

70
Two
other
LXX

Called the Septuagint
Includes a number of writings
not found in traditional Hebrew
canon. These became the

APOCRYPHA, accepted by some Christian
churches as canonical, but not
part of the Bible for Jews or Protestants

285-246 BC

Ptolemy II Philadelphus
ruling of Egypt

2856C

THE SCYTHIANS ~~in~~ BOSPORUS.

285BC

PTOLEMY PHILADELPHUS was
king of Egypt.

285-247 BC

1912 Dates. J-BK

PTOLEMAEUS II, PHILADELPHOS
was king of Egypt. He was the
husband of ARSINOE.

He founded the museum
of the ALEXANDRINE library.

285-282 BC

1912 Dates J-BK

War between Rome and
an Italian League.

285 BC

CELTS

Conquest of the ager Gallicus.
The expelled Senones ally with the
Etruscans and are joined by the Boii

285-246BC

PTOLEMY II (Philadelphus)
Alexandrian Museum & Library.

285 BC

ZENODOTUS head of the Library
HEROPHILUS of CHALCEDON, anatomist

285 BC

About

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at the Museum of Alexandria.

The work of translating the
Hebrew Scriptures into Greek
for the Jews at Alexandria is
begun.

Theocritus writes his famous
idyls.

285 BC

308 - 246 BC

Succeeding Ptolemy I soter
was PTOLEMY II PHILADELPHUS
Under him Alexandria reached its
height. He completed the PHTAROS
and appointed CALLIMACHUS
librarian.

2850c

War with the Gauls and Etruscans